

## Unit 6 - Develop and implement proactive monitoring systems for health and safety

Learning Outcome – The learner will:	Assessment Criterion - The learner can:
<p>1. Be able to devise inspection and monitoring systems for health and safety proactive performance monitoring.</p>	<p>1.1 Develop workplace inspection and monitoring systems and procedures to include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• methodology</li> <li>• frequency</li> <li>• compliance with health and safety regulations</li> <li>• organisational requirements.</li> </ul> <p>Do any of your procedures include the need to conduct inspections and monitoring?</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Workplace inspections, monitoring emergency lighting on a monthly and keeping records of this, monitoring of water temperatures (Legionella) etc.</p> <p>Does the procedure cover the method and frequency? does it comply with regulations / organisational requirements?</p>
	<p>1.2 Analyse the competence needs of the people who will carry out the inspection and monitoring in the organisation</p> <p>Refer to the competency needs analysis used in a previous unit. Use this as evidence again for this element.</p> <p>What training will be required and who will carry out this training?</p> <p>Does the procedure state the competency requirements of the person assigned to undertake the inspections and monitoring?</p>
	<p>1.3 Plan in conjunction with others the implementation of appropriate inspection and monitoring systems in the organisation.</p> <p>Consult with managers / employees and safety representatives on the proposed inspections monitoring regime. Provide evidence of this.</p>
	<p>1.4 Identify any relevant monitoring equipment that may be required.</p> <p>Do you require monitoring equipment?</p> <p>- Thermometers to monitor water temperatures</p>

- Gas Monitors to monitor workplace environmental conditions for example, 'working in a confined space'.

These are just examples. There are many more opportunities to use monitoring equipment.

1.5 Review health and safety statutory records and records initiated by the organisation for proactive performance monitoring.

What Pro-active records do you keep to comply with 1.1 and 1.3?

Do audits take place to confirm monitoring occurs and records are kept and up to date?

This could be internal and / or external audits that take place.

1.6 Analyse all internal documentation and records to ensure proactive monitoring is appropriately managed.

Analyse the audit results in relation to records of inspections and monitoring activities.

Provide feedback / action plan to the organisation to ensure non-conformances are acted upon (Proactively).

1.7 Involve managers, employee representatives and employees in health and safety proactive monitoring systems and procedures.

How are managers, employees and safety representatives involved in monitoring and inspections?

Do you consult with them?

Do people at all levels in the organisation get involved in inspections, for example:

- Employee inspects immediate working area
- Supervisor inspects the area weekly
- Manager inspects the whole warehouse monthly to ensure everyone else is conducting their inspections correctly
- Director conducts a safety Tour every 3 months

1.8 Maintain appropriate records of health and safety proactive monitoring systems and outcomes.

Keep records of as many monitoring / inspections as possible to show a wide variety including for example:

- Different types of inspections
- Safety Sampling
- Safety Tours
- Safety Surveys
- Other safety monitoring activities

Also include action plans and signed off actions.

<p>2. Be able to keep stakeholders informed of health and safety proactive performance monitoring outcomes.</p>	<p>2.1 Inform directors, senior, line, functional and technical managers, employee representatives and employees of the outcomes of health and safety proactive performance monitoring of the organisation.</p> <p>Link with 2.2 Communicate / escalate the findings of the proactive performance monitoring activities and then continue to 2.2</p>
	<p>2.2 Prepare reports of the outcomes of health and safety proactive performance monitoring of the organisation.</p> <p>Link with 2.1 Produce reports, statistics based on pro-active monitoring &amp; highlighting any areas of concern, decide on the frequency, how will it be presented.</p>
	<p>2.3 Interpret to non-specialist audience the outcomes of health and safety proactive performance monitoring of the organisation.</p> <p>Present the findings of the pro-active monitoring to general employees for example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Simple presentation to employees</li> <li>- Notice board notice or poster</li> <li>- Periodic briefings / updates for employees on company performance</li> </ul>
	<p>2.4 Propose recommendations based on the outcomes of health and safety proactive performance monitoring of the organisation.</p> <p>Involve management and directors. Use methods of reporting via reports, statistics to help explain the recommendations and why action should be taken.</p>
	<p>2.5 Respond to the requirements of the regulatory authorities in respect of the outcomes of health and safety proactive performance monitoring of the organisation.</p> <p>This relates to pro-active visits conducted by the regulatory authorities (HSE).</p> <p>If you have never been visited by the regulatory authorities, then ensure you have a documented plan in place for the actions to take if you do get a visit.</p> <p>For example: Who will be responsible for meeting them when they turn up? What is the internal escalation procedure? And so on.....</p>

<p>3. Understand how to develop and implement proactive monitoring systems for health and safety.</p>	<p>3.1 Analyse the nature and role of active health and safety monitoring systems within the organisation</p> <p>Do you set targets, aims and objectives in relation to pro-active monitoring systems?</p> <p>What active health and safety monitoring systems do you have in place? There are 4 main ones to consider</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Safety Tours</li> <li>2) Safety Inspections</li> <li>3) Safety Sampling</li> <li>4) Safety Surveys</li> </ol> <p>Provide examples of completed records (from 1-4) as well as any relevant procedures and how these are communicated out.</p> <p>Audits are also a method of pro-active monitoring, but we will keep this for a later unit.</p>
	<p>3.2 Present the rationale for proactive monitoring systems for health and safety</p> <p>Use the statistics and the reports and compare them against the targets, aims and objectives.</p>
	<p>3.3 Describe the whole range of monitoring equipment</p> <p>Create a table showing a list of monitoring equipment and then next to each one, explain why it is used for monitoring.</p>
	<p>3.4 Explain sampling routines</p> <p>Create a table showing sampling routines and then in the box next to the sampling routine, explain the sampling requirements. Research, 'Safety Sampling'. Or refer to your NEBOSH National General Certificate books if you have them.</p>
	<p>3.5 Evaluate the procedure for workplace inspections and activity observations</p> <p>Do you have procedures covering inspections?</p> <p>For example: A procedure on work equipment may have information covering the purchasing of equipment, maintenance, competency of users and <b>Inspection</b> requirements.</p>

How are these procedures implemented?

Do you check its implementation through auditing and observations?

3.6 Explain the principles of effective written and verbal communication

Create a table showing the different types of communication used in the workplace. Different types of verbal / written etc.  
And then how each of these are used successfully in the workplace.  
Also write the positives and the negatives of each of the communication methods in another 2 columns.

3.7 Explain how to respond to the health and safety needs of others

How do you deal with various groups of individuals within and external to your organisation?  
Provide evidence that you provide guidance, coaching, responses to queries, answering questions.

Produce a table showing the people internally and externally, including the methods used to respond to their needs.

3.8 Explain external factors influencing active health and safety monitoring systems:

- health and safety statutory requirements and industry best practice for proactive monitoring systems and documentation.
- quality management requirements for documentation

In table format, show a list of external factors that influence active monitoring systems and how they influence active monitoring.